

AW-NM372SM

IEEE 802.11 b/g/n Wireless LAN, Bluetooth and FM Combo Stamp Module

Datasheet

Version 0.7

Revision History

<i>Revision</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Initials</i>	<i>Approved</i>
Version 0.1	2018/05/08	Initial Version	Steven Jian	Chihhao Liao
Version 0.2	2018/11/20	Updated 1.4.2	Steven Jian	Chihhao Liao
Version 0.3	2018/12/18	Updated 1.4.2	Steven Jian	Chihhao Liao
Version 0.4	2019/05/22	Updated 1.3 Block Diagram Updated 4.1 Mechanical Drawing	Steven Jian	Chihhao Liao
Version 0.5	2019/07/15	Added 3.6 Host Interface Timing Added 3.7 Frequency References	Steven Jian	Chihhao Liao
Version 0.6	2019/09/02	Updated 1.4.4 Operating Conditions	Steven Jian	Chihhao Liao
Version 0.7	2019/09/11	Updated 1.4.4 Operating Conditions	Steven Jian	Chihhao Liao

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1. Introduction

1.1 Product Overview

AzureWave Technologies, Inc. introduces the advanced IEEE 802.11 b/g/n WLAN, Bluetooth and FM combo module - AW-NM372SM. The module is targeted to mobile and embedded devices which need small footprint package, low power consumption, and multiple OS support. The module supports 2.4GHz IEEE 802.11n MAC/baseband/radio, and Bluetooth 4.2 functionality. It also features an integrated Power Management Unit (PMU), Power Amplifiers (PAs), and a Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) to address the needs of mobile devices that require minimal power consumption and compact size. By using AW-NM372SM, the customers can easily enable the Wi-Fi and BT embedded applications with the benefits of high design flexibility, short development cycle, and quick time-to-market. Specified in the IEEE 802.11 standard minimize the system power requirements by using AW-NM372SM. In addition to the support of WPA/WPA2 (personal) and WEP encryption, the AW-NM372SM also supports the IEEE 802.11i security standard through AES and TKIP acceleration hardware for faster data encryption. For the video, voice and multimedia applications the AW-NM372SM support 802.11e Quality of Service (QoS). The host interface is SDIO v2.0 interface.

For Bluetooth operation, the AW-NM372SM is Bluetooth 4.2 compliant. The Bluetooth transmitter also features a Class 1 power amplifier. The AW-NM372SM supports extended Synchronous Connections (eSCO), for enhanced voice quality by allowing for retransmission of dropped packets, and Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) for reducing radio frequency interference. It also incorporates all Bluetooth 4.2 features including Secure Simple Pairing, Sniff Subrating, and Encryption Pause and Resume. An independent, high-speed UART is provided for the Bluetooth host interface. The Bluetooth subsystem presents a standard Host Controller Interface (HCI) via a high speed UART and PCM for audio.

For FM receiver, the AW-NM372SM is 76-MHz to 108-MHz FM bands supported and supports the European Radio Data Systems (RDS) and the North American Radio Broadcast Data System (RBDS) modulations. The FM subsystem supports the HCI control interface as well as I2S interfaces of the Bluetooth subsystem.

1.2 Features

- Integrates Broadcom solutions of CYW43438_A1 WiFi /BT/FM RX SoC
- SDIO v2.0 interfaces support for WLAN
- High speed UART and PCM for Bluetooth
- Lead-free Design
- 12.0mm(L) x 12.0mm(W) x 1.5 mm(H) 47 pin LGA package
- **With Crystal(XTAL)**

1.2.1 WLAN

- Single band 2.4 GHz 802.11 b/g/n
- WLAN host interface options
 - SDIO v2.0, including DS and HS modes
- Security—WEP, WPA/WPA2 (personal), AES (HW), TKIP (HW), CKIP (SW), WMM/WMM-PS/WMM-SA

1.2.2 Bluetooth

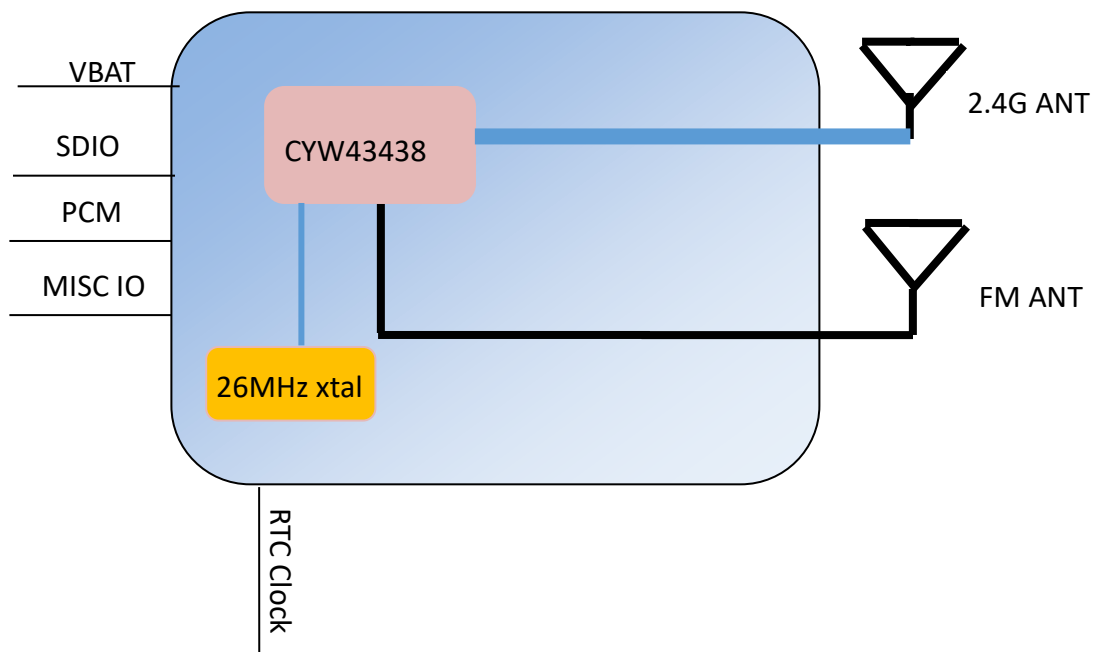
- Supports extended Synchronous Connections (eSCO), for enhanced voice quality by allowing for retransmission of dropped packets
- Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) for reducing radio frequency interference
- Maximum UART baud rates up to 4 Mbps
- Supports all Bluetooth 4.2 packet types
- Fully supports Bluetooth Core Specification version 4.2 + (Enhanced Data Rate) EDR features:
 - Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH)
 - Quality of Service (QoS)
 - Extended Synchronous Connections (eSCO) — Voice Connections
 - Fast Connect (interlaced page and inquiry scans)
 - Secure Simple Pairing (SSP)
 - Sniff Subrating (SSR)
 - Encryption Pause Resume (EPR)
 - Extended Inquiry Response (EIR)
 - Link Supervision Timeout (LST)
- Interface support – Host Controller Interface (HCI) using a high-speed UART interface and PCM for audio data

1.2.3 FM

- 76-MHz to 108-MHz FM bands supported (US, Europe, and Japan)
- RDS and RBDS demodulator and decoder with filter and buffering functions
- FM subsystem control using the Bluetooth HCI interface
- FM subsystem operates from reference clock inputs
- Improved audio interface capabilities with full-featured bidirectional PCM.
- Auto search and tuning functions

1.3 Block Diagram

A simplified block diagram of the AW-NM372SM module is depicted in the figure below.



1.4 Specifications Table

1.4.1 General

Features	Description
Product Description	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n Wireless LAN and Bluetooth Combo Stamp Module
Major Chipset	Cypress CYW43438_A1
Host Interface	WLAN: SDIO v2.0 Bluetooth: UART
Dimension	12.0mm(L) x 12.0mm(W) x 1.5 mm(H)
Package	47 pin Stamp Module
Antenna	2.4G Ant: WiFi/BT FM Ant: FM
Weight	0.4g

1.4.2 WLAN

Features	Description
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n, Wi-Fi compliant
WLAN VID/PID	N/A
WLAN SVID/SPID	N/A
Frequency Range	WLAN: 2.4 GHz
Modulation	DSSS, OFDM, BPSK(9/6Mbps), QPSK(18/12Mbps), DBPSK(1Mbps), DQPSK(2Mbps), CCK(11/5.5Mbps), 16-QAM(36/24Mbps), 64-QAM (72.2/54/48Mbps)
Number of Channels	802.11b: USA, Canada and Taiwan – 1 ~ 11 Most European Countries – 1 ~ 13 Japan – 1 ~ 14 802.11g: USA and Canada – 1 ~ 11 Most European Countries – 1 ~ 13 802.11n: USA and Canada – 1 ~ 11 Most European Countries – 1 ~ 13

Output Power (Board Level Limit)*	2.4G				
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	11b (11Mbps) @EVM<35%	16	18	20	dBm
	11g (54Mbps) @EVM ≤ -25 dB	14	16	18	dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	11n (HT20 MCS7) @EVM ≤ -27 dB	13	15	17	dBm
	2.4G				
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	11b (1Mbps)		-96	-93	dBm
	11g (6Mbps)		-91	-87	dBm
	11b (11Mbps)		-89	-86	dBm
	11g (54Mbps)		-76	-71	dBm
Data Rate	11n (HT20 MCS0)		-91	-86	dBm
	11n (HT20 MCS7)		-73	-69	dBm
802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11n:MCS 0~7 HT20					
Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ WPA™- and WPA2™- (Personal) support for powerful encryption and authentication ◆ AES and TKIP acceleration hardware for faster data encryption and 802.11i compatibility ◆ Cisco® Compatible Extension- (CCX, CCX 2.0, CCX 3.0, CCX 4.0, CCX5.0) certified ◆ Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) ◆ WEP ◆ WMM / WMM-SA ◆ CKIP(Software) 				

* If you have any certification questions about output power please contact FAE directly.

1.4.3 Bluetooth

Features	Description
Bluetooth Standard	Bluetooth 4.2
Bluetooth VID/PID	N/A
Frequency Range	2400~2483.5MHz
Modulation	GFSK (1Mbps), Π/4DQPSK (2Mbps) and 8DPSK (3Mbps)
Output Power	0≤ Output Power ≤ +10 dBm (Conductive)

Receiver Sensitivity	BT: BER < 0.1% (Anritsu 8852B Tx -70dBm)
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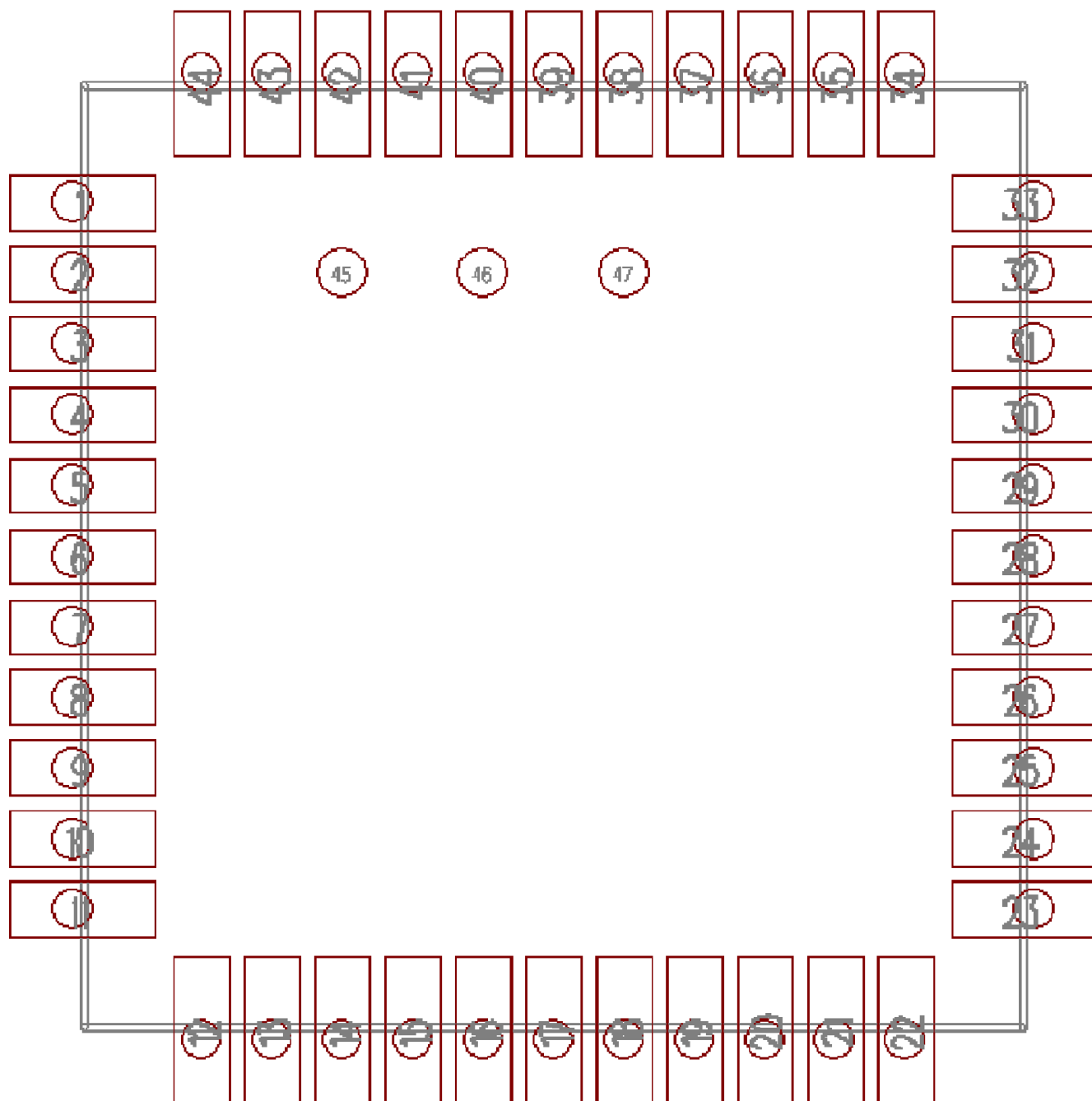
1.4.4 Operating Conditions

Features	Description
Operating Conditions	
Voltage	Input supply for host I/O : 3.3V
Operating Temperature	-30~85 oC (Optimal RF performance guarantee -20~85 °C)
Operating Humidity	<85%
Storage Temperature	-40~85 oC
Storage Humidity	<60 %
ESD Protection	
Human Body Model	>1.25KV
Changed Device Model	>175V

2. Pin Definition

2.1 Pin Map

AW-NM372SM Top View Pin Map



2.2 Pin Table

Pin No	Definition	Basic Description	Voltage	Type
1	GND	Ground.		GND
2	WL_BT_ANT	WLAN/BT RF TX/RX path.		RF
3	GND	Ground.		GND
4	FM_RX	FM radio RF input.		RF
5	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
6	BT_HOST_WAKE_DEV	BT Device Wake	VDDIO	I
7	BT_DEV_WAKE_HOST	BT Host Wake	VDDIO	O
8	CLK_REQ	The module asserts CLK_REQ when Bluetooth or WLAN directs the host to turn on the reference clock. The CLK_REQ polarity is active-high	VDDIO	O
9	VBAT	3.3V power pin	3.3V	VCC
10	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
11	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
12	WL_DIS#	Used by PMU to power up or power down the internal regulators used by the WLAN section. Also, when deasserted, this pin holds the WLAN section in reset. This pin has an internal 200k ohm pull down resistor that is enabled by default. It can be disabled through programming.	VDDIO	I
13	WL_DEV_WAKE_HOST	WL Host Wake	VDDIO	O
14	SDIO_D2	SDIO Data Line 2	VDDIO	I/O
15	SDIO_D3	SDIO Data Line 3	VDDIO	I/O
16	SDIO_CMD	SDIO Command Input	VDDIO	I/O
17	SDIO_CLK	SDIO Clock Input	VDDIO	I
18	SDIO_D0	SDIO Data Line 0	VDDIO	I/O
19	SDIO_D1	SDIO Data Line 1	VDDIO	I/O
20	GND	Ground.		GND
21	VIN_LDO_OUT	Internal Buck 1.2V voltage generation pin	1.4V	O
22	VDDIO	1.8V-3.3V VDDIO supply for WLAN and BT	VDDIO	VCC

23	VIN_LDO	Internal Buck 1.2V voltage generation pin	1.4V	I
24	SUSCLK_IN	External 32K or RTC clock	0.2~3.3V	I
25	PCM_OUT	PCM data Out	VDDIO	O
26	PCM_CLK	PCM Clock	VDDIO	I/O
27	PCM_IN	PCM data Input	VDDIO	I
28	PCM_SYNC	PCM Synchronization control	VDDIO	O
29	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
30	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
31	GND	Ground.		GND
32	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
33	GND	Ground.		GND
34	BT_DIS#	Used by PMU to power up or power down the internal regulators used by the Bluetooth section. Also, when deasserted, this pin holds the Bluetooth section in reset. This pin has an internal 200k ohm pull down resistor that is enabled by default. It can be disabled through programming.	VDDIO	I
35	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
36	GND	Ground.		GND
37	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
38	NC	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating
39	GPIO2	Wi-Fi Co-existence pin with LTE(WLAN_SECI_RX)	VDDIO	I
40	GPIO1	Wi-Fi Co-existence pin with LTE(WLAN_SECI_TX)	VDDIO	O
41	UART_RTS	High-Speed UART RTS	VDDIO	O
42	UART_OUT	High-Speed UART Data Out	VDDIO	O
43	UART_IN	High-Speed UART Data In	VDDIO	I
44	UART_CTS	High-Speed UART CTS	VDDIO	I
45	TP1	FM Analog AUDIO left output.		O
46	TP2	FM Analog AUDIO right output		O
47	TP3(NC)	Floating Pin, No connect to anything.		Floating

3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
VBAT	Power supply for Internal Regulators	-0.5	6	V
VDDIO	DC supply voltage for digital I/O	-0.5	3.9	V

3.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Type	Min	Typ	Max	Units
VBAT	Power supply for Internal Regulators	Input	3*	-	4.8*	V

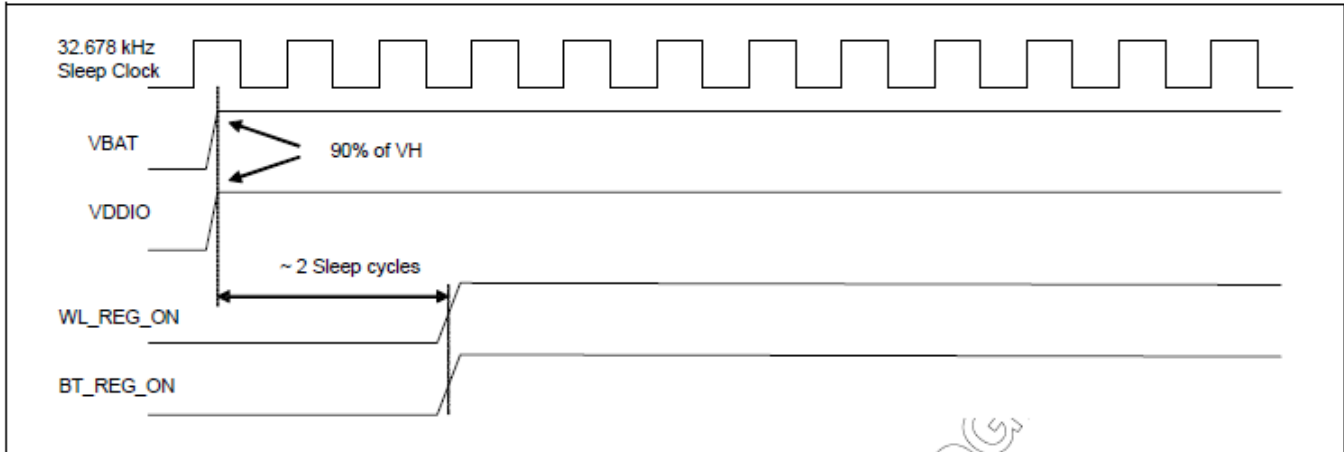
*Optimal RF performance is guaranteed only for $3.2V < VBAT < 4.8V$

3.3 Digital IO Pin DC Characteristics

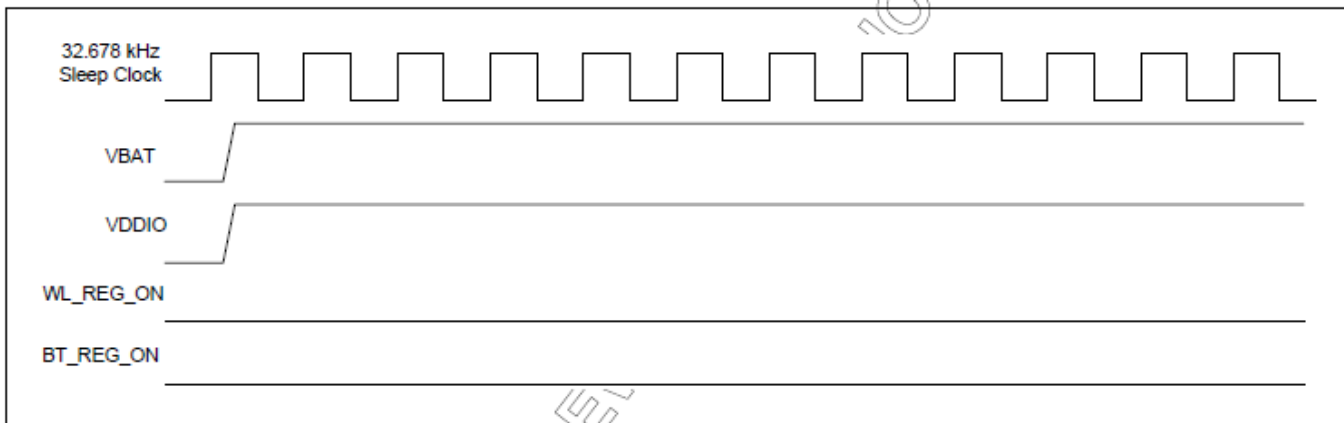
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
SDIO Interface I/O pins						
V _{IH}	Input high voltage (V _{DDIO})	VDDIO_SD=3.3V	2.06	-	-	
V _{IL}	Input low voltage (V _{DDIO})	VDDIO_SD=3.3V	-	-	0.82	
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage @ 2mA	VDDIO_SD=3.3V	2.47	-	-	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage @ 2mA	VDDIO_SD=3.3V	-	-	0.41	
Other Digital I/O pins						
V _{IH}	Input high voltage (V _{DDIO})	VDDIO=3.3V	2.0	-	-	
V _{IL}	Input low voltage (V _{DDIO})	VDDIO=3.3V	-	-	0.8	
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage @ 2mA	VDDIO=3.3V	2.9	-	-	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage @ 2mA	VDDIO=3.3V	-	-	0.4	

3.4 Power up Timing Sequence

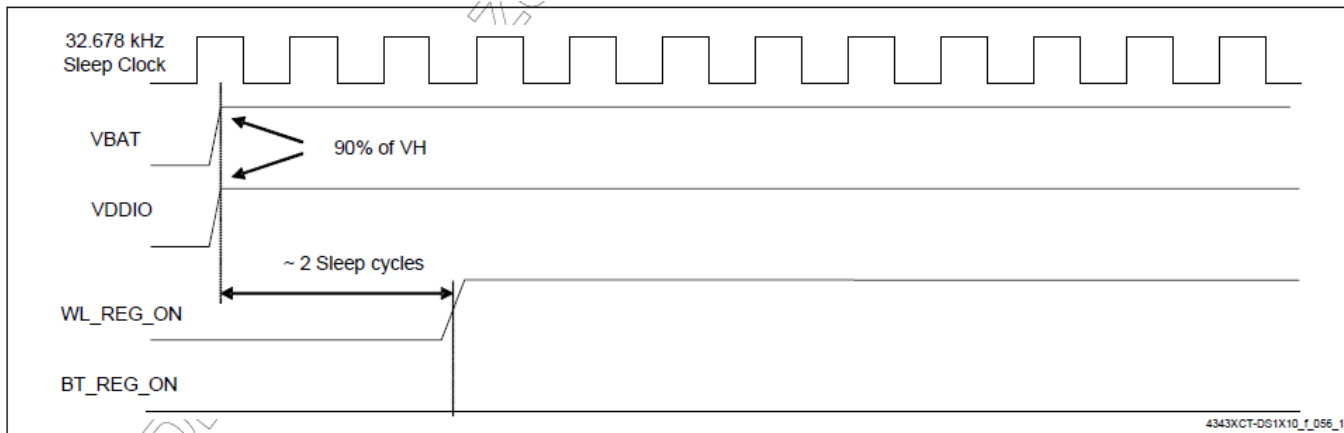
WLAN = ON, Bluetooth = ON



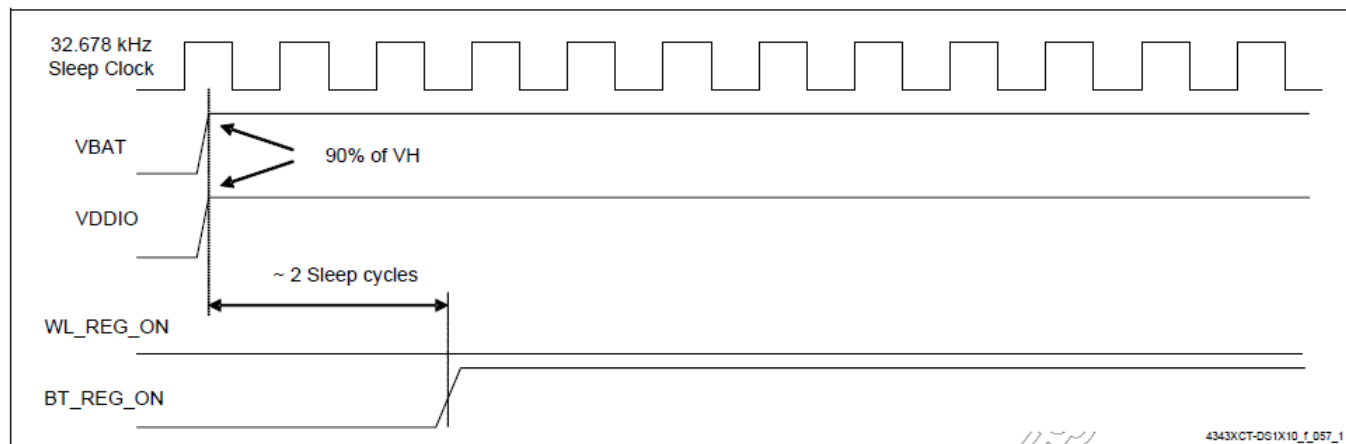
WLAN = OFF, Bluetooth = OFF



WLAN = ON, Bluetooth = OFF



WLAN = OFF, Bluetooth = ON



3.5 Power Consumption*

3.5.1 WLAN

Band (GHz)	Mode	BW (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)	Transmit			Receive	
				Max.	Avg.	Duty. (%)	Max.	Avg.
2.4 (5)(6)	11b@1Mbps	20	17	248.9	233.3	97.6	48.4	44.3
	11b@11Mbps	20	17	242.6	202.6	80	49.4	45.1
	11g@6Mbps	20	15	241.4	214.6	86.9	46.1	43.9
	11g@54Mbps	20	15	238.1	140.8	43.9	44.2	40.9
	11n@MCS0	20	13	229.4	137.5	43.9	44.6	41.3
	11n@MCS7	20	13	229.1	139.4	44	45.0	41.7

Current Unit: mA

(5)Using MFG firmware.

(6)Using LeCroy to measure Duty cycle's Max and record Measure->Mean, Mean= Avg

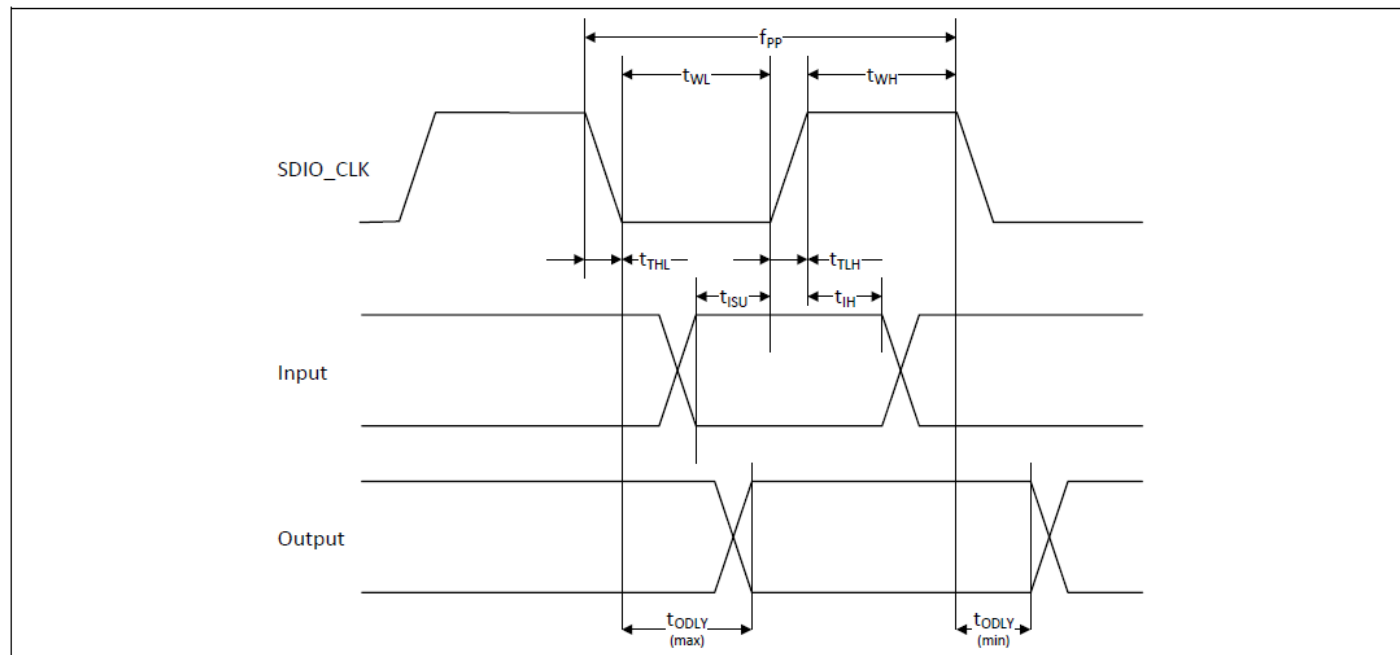
3.5.2 Bluetooth

No.	Mode	Packet Type	VBAT_IN=3.3 V	
			Max.	Avg.
1.	Deepsleep	N/A	3.92mA	3.06mA
2.	Transmit	DH5	43.5 mA	32.7 mA
3.	Receive	3-DH5	19.1 mA	14.8 mA

* The power consumption is based on Azurewave test environment, these data for reference only.

3.6 Host Interface Timing

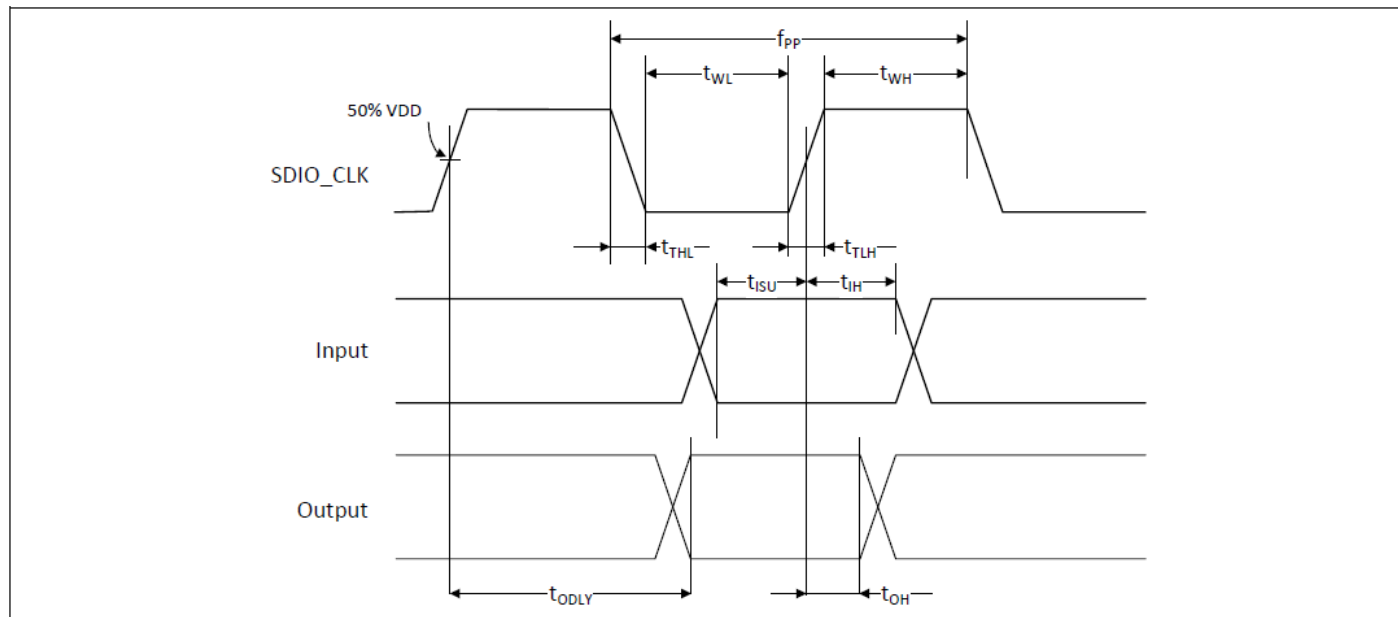
3.6.1 SDIO



SDIO Bus Timing (Default Mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
SDIO CLK (All values are referred to minimum VIH and maximum VILb)					
Frequency – Data Transfer mode	f _{PP}	0	–	25	MHz
Frequency – Identification mode	f _{OD}	0	–	400	kHz
Clock low time	t _{WL}	10	–	–	ns
Clock high time	t _{WH}	10	–	–	ns
Clock rise time	t _{TLH}	–	–	10	ns
Clock low time	t _{THL}	–	–	10	ns
Inputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)					
Input setup time	t _{ISU}	5	–	–	ns
Input hold time	t _{IH}	5	–	–	ns
Outputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)					
Output delay time – Data Transfer mode	t _{ODLY}	0	–	14	ns
Output delay time – Identification mode	t _{ODLY}	0	–	50	ns

SDIO Bus Timing Parameters (Default Mode)



SDIO Bus Timing (High-Speed Mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
SDIO CLK (all values are referred to minimum V_{IH} and maximum V_{IL}^b)					
Frequency – Data Transfer Mode	f_{PP}	0	–	50	MHz
Frequency – Identification Mode	f_{OD}	0	–	400	kHz
Clock low time	t_{WL}	7	–	–	ns
Clock high time	t_{WH}	7	–	–	ns
Clock rise time	t_{TLH}	–	–	3	ns
Clock low time	t_{THL}	–	–	3	ns
Inputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)					
Input setup Time	t_{ISU}	6	–	–	ns
Input hold Time	t_{IH}	2	–	–	ns
Outputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)					
Output delay time – Data Transfer Mode	t_{ODLY}	–	–	14	ns
Output hold time	t_{OH}	2.5	–	–	ns
Total system capacitance (each line)	CL	–	–	40	pF

SDIO Bus Timing a Parameters (High-Speed Mode)

3.6.2 UART

The AW-NM372SM includes a single UART for Bluetooth. The UART is a standard 4-wire interface (RX, TX, RTS, and CTS) with adjustable baud rates from 9600 bps to 4.0 Mbps. The interface features an automatic baud rate detection capability that returns a baud rate selection. Alternatively, the baud rate may be selected through a vendor-specific UART HCI command.

UART has a 1040-byte receive FIFO and a 1040-byte transmit FIFO to support EDR. Access to the FIFOs is conducted through the AHB interface through either DMA or the CPU. The UART supports the Bluetooth 4.0 UART HCI specification: H4, a custom Extended H4, and H5. The default baud rate is 115.2 Kbaud.

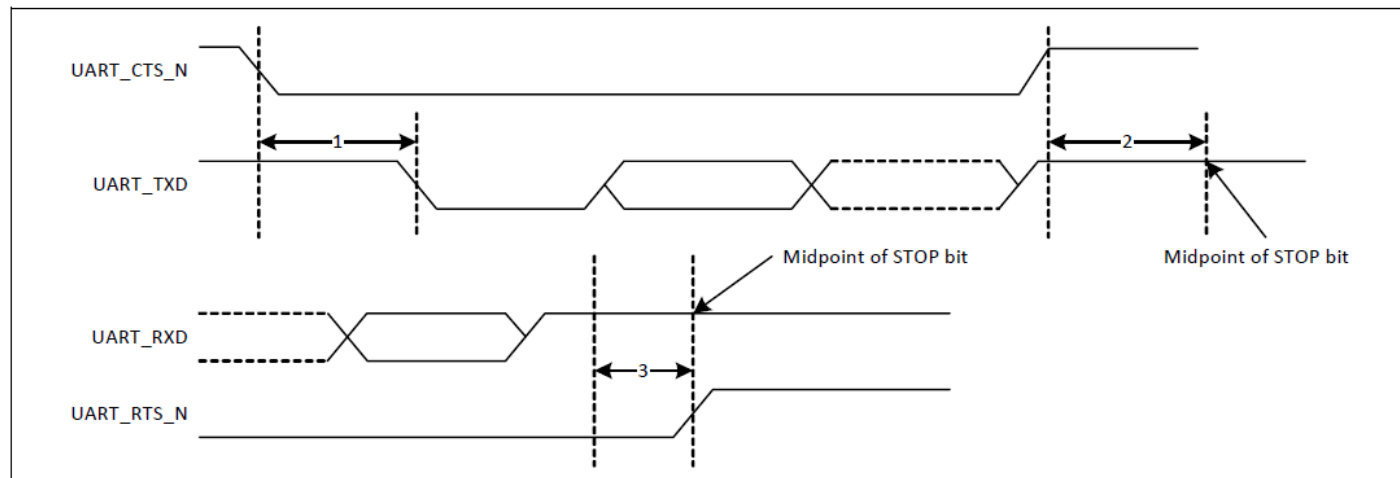
The UART supports the 3-wire H5 UART transport, as described in the Bluetooth specification (“Three-wire UART Transport Layer”). Compared to H4, the H5 UART transport reduces the number of signal lines required by eliminating the CTS and RTS signals.

The AW-NM372SM UART can perform XON/XOFF flow control and includes hardware support for the Serial Line Input Protocol (SLIP). It can also perform wake-on activity. For example, activity on the RX or CTS inputs can wake the chip from a sleep state.

Normally, the UART baud rate is set by a configuration record downloaded after device reset, or by automatic baud rate detection, and the host does not need to adjust the baud rate. Support for changing the baud rate during normal HCI UART operation is included through a vendor-specific command that allows the host to adjust the contents of the baud rate registers. The AW-NM372SM UARTs operate correctly with the host UART as long as the combined baud rate error of the two devices is within $\pm 2\%$.

UART Interface Signals

PIN No.	Name	Description	Type
42	UART_TXD	Bluetooth UART Serial Output. Serial data output for the HCI UART Interface	O
43	UART_RXD	Bluetooth UART Series Input. Serial data input for the HCI UART Interface	I
41	UART_RTS_N	Bluetooth UART Request-to-Send. Active-low request-to-send signal for the HCI UART interface	O
44	UART_CTS_N	Bluetooth UART Clear-to-Send. Active-low clear-to-send signal for the HCI UART interface.	I



UART Timing

	Reference Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	Delay time, UART_CTS_N low to UART_TXD valid	—	—	1.5	Bit periods
2	Setup time, UART_CTS_N high before midpoint of stop bit	—	—	0.5	Bit periods
3	Delay time, midpoint of stop bit to UART_RTS_N high	—	—	0.5	Bit periods

UART Timing Specifications

3.6.3 PCM Interface Timing

Short Frame Sync, Master Mode

PCM Timing Diagram (Short Frame Sync, Master Mode)

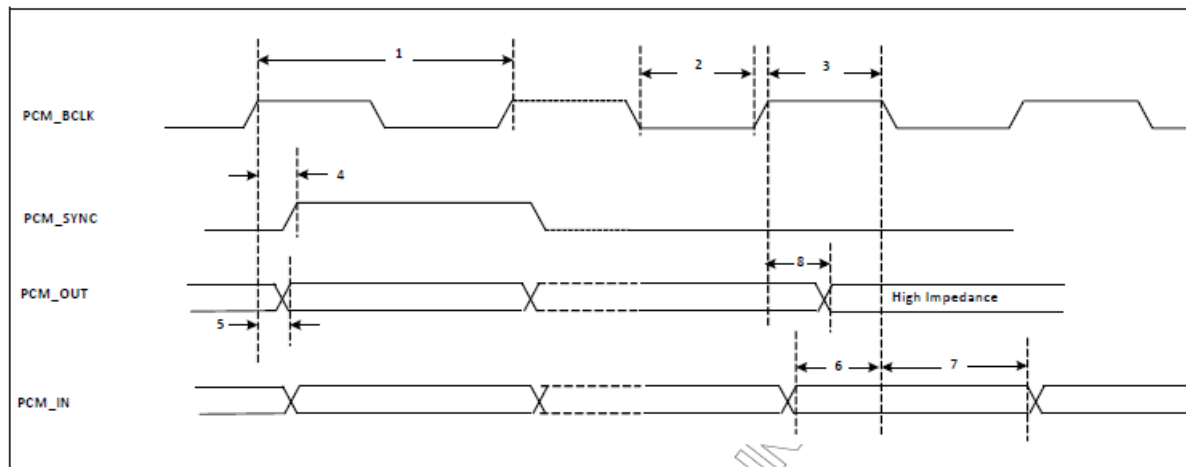


Table 8: PCM Interface Timing Specifications (Short Frame Sync, Master Mode)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	–	–	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock low	41	–	–	ns
3	PCM bit clock high	41	–	–	ns
4	PCM_SYNC delay	0	–	25	ns
5	PCM_OUT delay	0	–	25	ns
6	PCM_IN setup	8	–	–	ns
7	PCM_IN hold	8	–	–	ns
8	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	–	25	ns

Short Frame Sync, Slave Mode

PCM Timing Diagram (Short Frame Sync, Slave Mode)

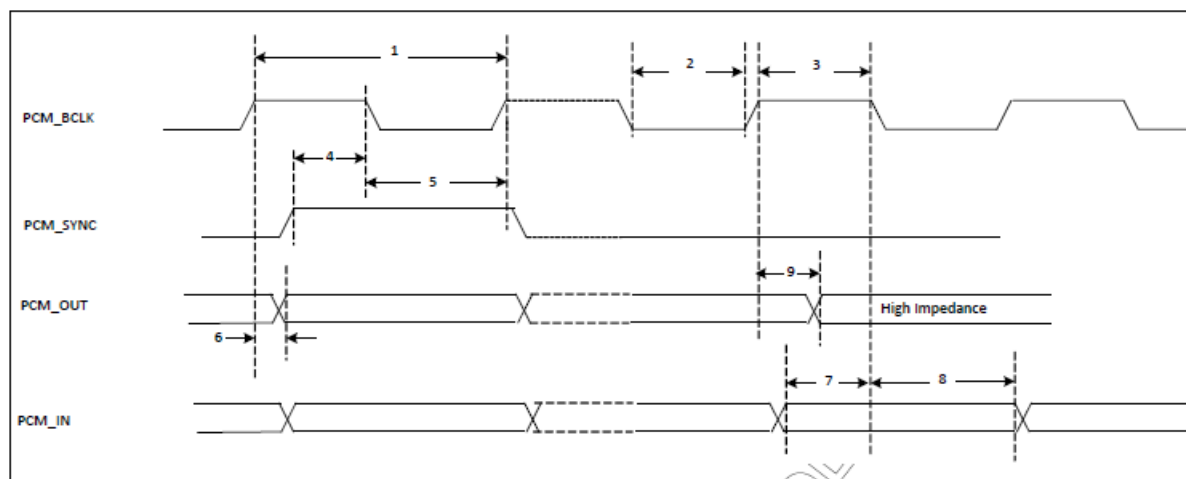


Table 9: PCM Interface Timing Specifications (Short Frame Sync, Slave Mode)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	–	–	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock low	41	–	–	ns
3	PCM bit clock high	41	–	–	ns
4	PCM_SYNC setup	8	–	–	ns
5	PCM_SYNC hold	8	–	–	ns
6	PCM_OUT delay	0	–	25	ns
7	PCM_IN setup	8	–	–	ns
8	PCM_IN hold	8	–	–	ns
9	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	–	25	ns

Long Frame Sync, Master Mode

PCM Timing Diagram (Long Frame Sync, Master Mode)

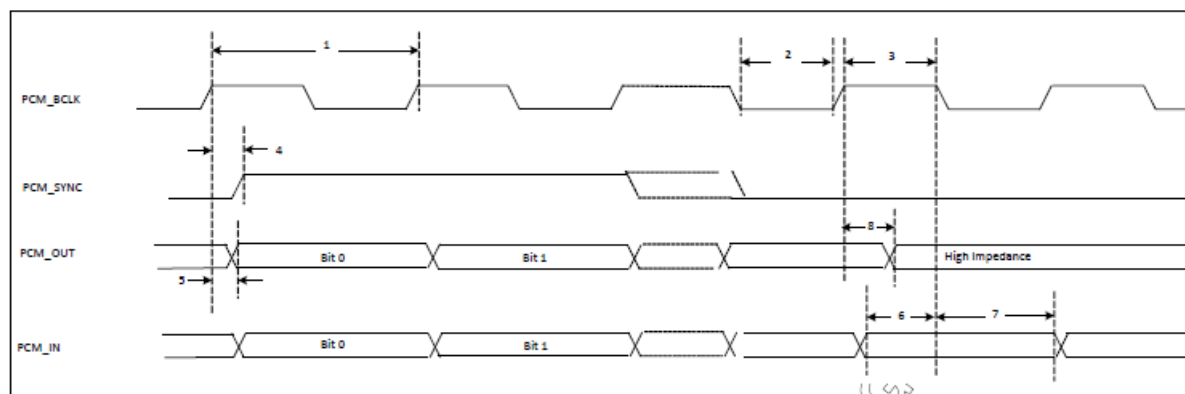


Table 10: PCM Interface Timing Specifications (Long Frame Sync, Master Mode)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	—	—	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock low	41	—	—	ns
3	PCM bit clock high	41	—	—	ns
4	PCM_SYNC delay	0	—	25	ns
5	PCM_OUT delay	0	—	25	ns
6	PCM_IN setup	8	—	—	ns
7	PCM_IN hold	8	—	—	ns
8	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	—	25	ns

Long Frame Sync, Slave Mode

PCM Timing Diagram (Long Frame Sync, Slave Mode)

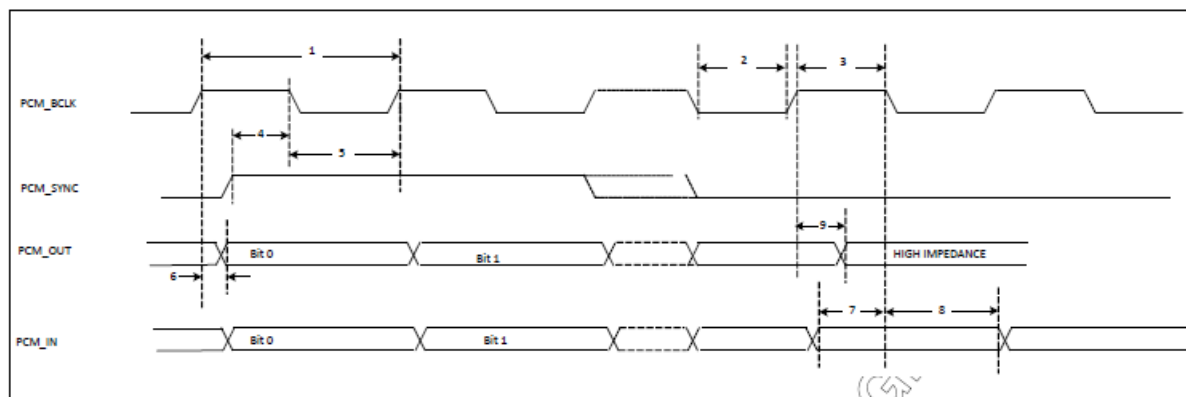


Table 11: PCM Interface Timing Specifications (Long Frame Sync, Slave Mode)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	—	—	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock low	41	—	—	ns
3	PCM bit clock high	41	—	—	ns
4	PCM_SYNC setup	8	—	—	ns
5	PCM_SYNC hold	8	—	—	ns
6	PCM_OUT delay	0	—	25	ns
7	PCM_IN setup	8	—	—	ns
8	PCM_IN hold	8	—	—	ns
9	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	—	25	ns

3.7 Frequency References

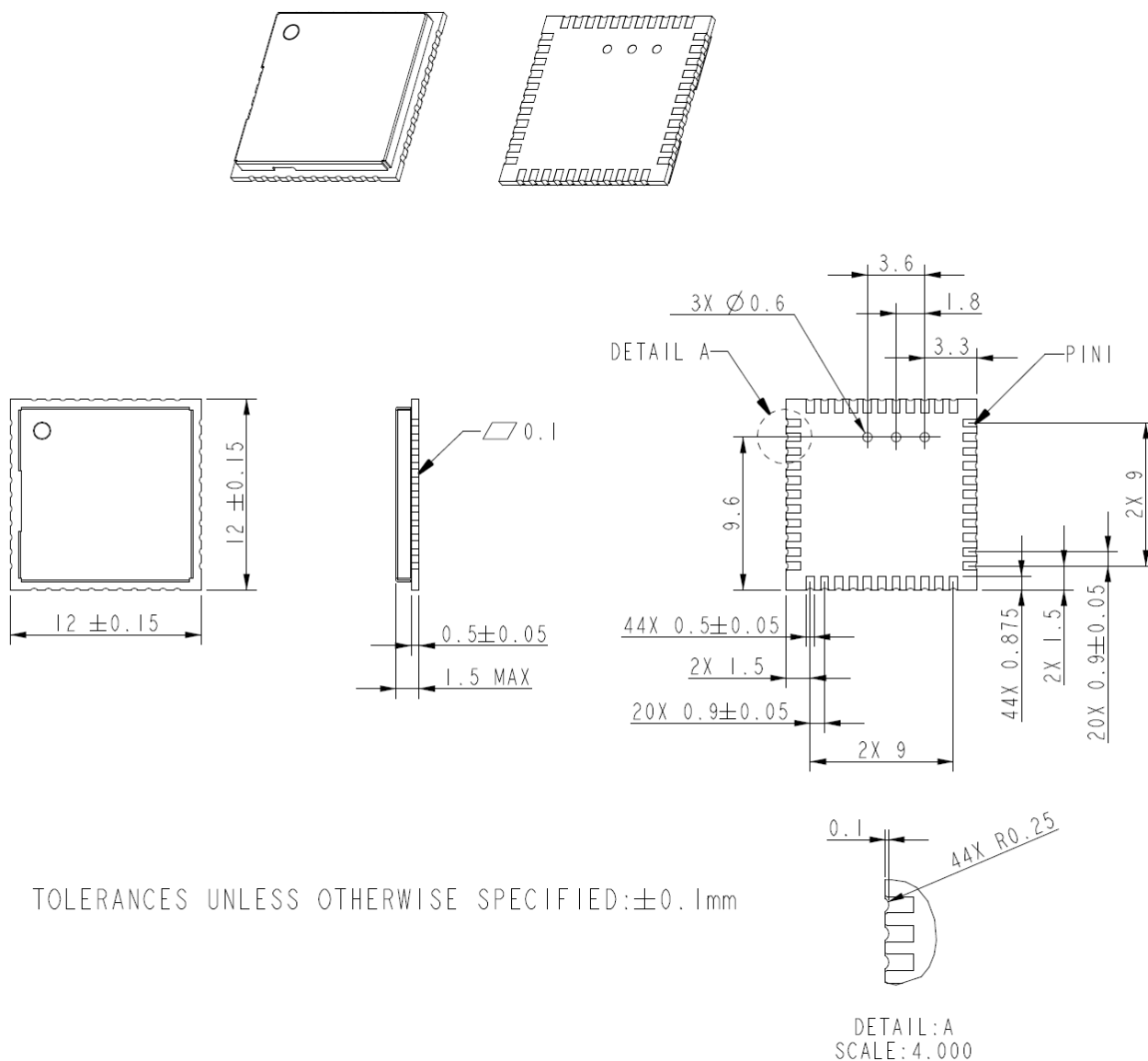
The AW-NM372SM uses an internal 26MHz xtal for normal operation and an external secondary low frequency clock for low-power-mode timing. Either the internal low-precision LPO or an external 32.768 kHz precision oscillator is required. The internal LPO frequency range is approximately 33 kHz \pm 30% over process, voltage, and temperature, which is adequate for some applications. However, a trade-off caused by this wide LPO tolerance is a small current consumption increase during WLAN power save mode that is incurred by the need to wake up earlier to avoid missing beacons.

The preferred approach for WLAN is to connect a precision 32.768 kHz clock that meets the requirements listed in Table below.

Parameter	SUSCLK(LPO Clock)	Units
Nominal input frequency	32.768	kHz
Frequency accuracy	+/-200	ppm
Duty cycle	30 - 70	%
Input signal amplitude	200 - 3300	mV , p-p
Input impedance	>100	k Ω
	<5	pF
Signal type	Square-wave or sine-wave	-
Clock jitter (during initial start-up)	<10000	ppm

4. Mechanical Information

4.1 Mechanical Drawing

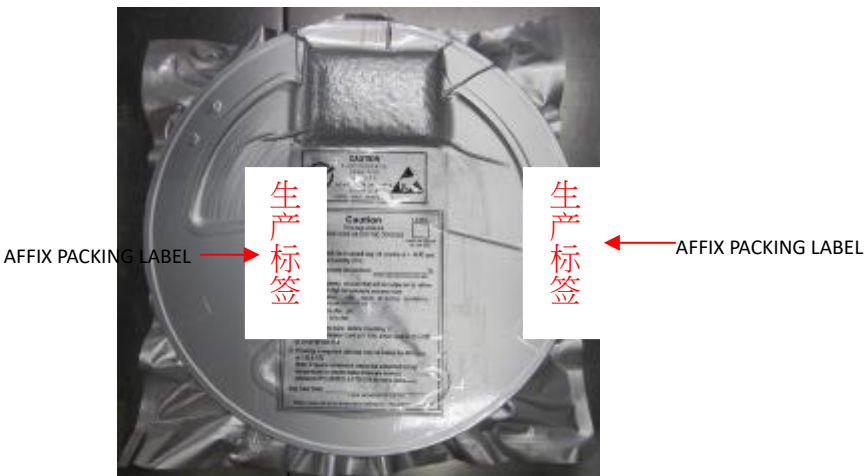


5. Packaging Information

5.1



5.2



5.3



5.4



5.5

1 Carton= 5 Boxes



5.6

